

Explorers Background

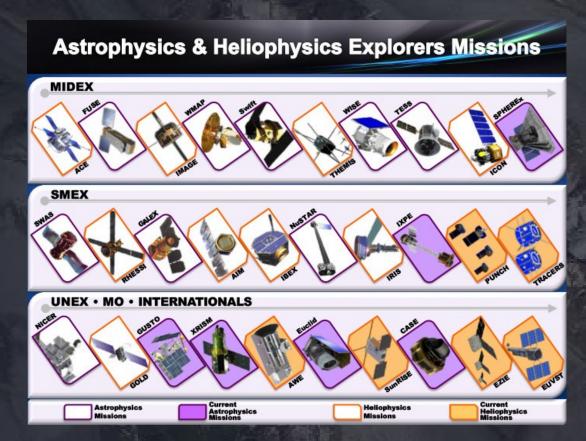
- Explorers is NASA's oldest, continuous program with over 100 successful small / medium sized missions
 - Explorers 1 launched in 1958
 - 25 of 100 missions were Earth Science missions
- Explorers represents missions that fall between sub-orbital and flagship missions.



Explorer 1 led by Wernher von Braun, James Van Allen and William Pickering

Advancing the Explorers Program Legacy

- Astro/Heliophysics Explorers program established in 1990s
 - Competitively selected through Announcement of Opportunity
 - Principal Investigator-led
 - Cost-capped missions
- The Earth System Explorers Program (ESEP), tailors the highly successful Astro/Heliophysics model to implement only MIDEX-caliber, category 2, Class C, Earth science missions that address ESE target observables.

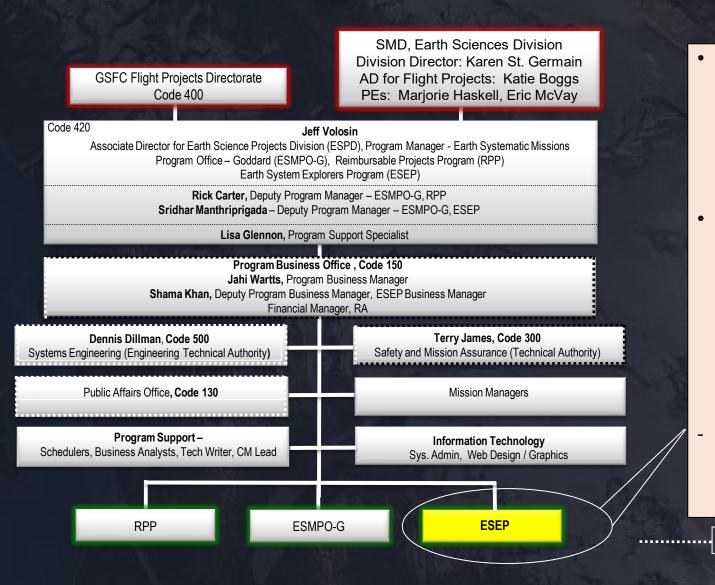


ESEP tailors the approach of highly successful Astro/Heliophysics Explorers Program

ESEP Implementation Approach

- Consistent with NPR 7120.5F for Uncoupled Program guidance
- Implementation approach defined in Earth System Explorers (ESE) Program Plan
 - Program provides oversight and enforces Agency requirements and ESEP MAR on Projects
- Developed an Earth System Explorers Mission Assurance Requirements (MAR) tailored for risk class C missions
- Support HQ-led AO process to competitively select ESE missions
 - Provide Program Plan and MAR to proposers as applicable documents
- PI leads all aspects of project and is responsible for mission success
 - PI develops Level 1 requirements
- ESE Projects propose mission implementation approach in their project plan, which is approved by SMD AA.
 - Projects make-buy approach, partnerships (international partnerships controlled by OIIR) in Phase A concept study report to support an SMD selection, then finalized in Phase B.
 - Projects develop acquisition strategy in accordance with NASA and Center procurement processes to ensure cost, schedule, technical, and risk performance with appropriate insight/oversight and the use of appropriate contractual vehicles including cost plus incentive fee, cost plus award fee, etc.
- Program provides project oversight / insight and support to help ensure mission success
 - In Phase B, Program will conduct TRL formal assessment and ensure Project develops action plans to address low TRL areas and weaknesses found by TMC

GSFC Earth Science Projects Division Organization



- Earth System Explorers Program is incorporated into GSFC's existing Code 420 Program Office
 - Earth Systematic Missions Program Office Goddard (ESMPO-G)
 - Reimbursable Projects Program (RPP)
 - Earth System Explorers Program (ESEP)
- ESEP Leverages existing program Office functions
 - Program Leadership with Explorers Experience
 - Configuration Management
 - Business Management
 - Systems Engineering
 - IT Services
 - Administrative Support
- Customizes processes and governance model from Heliophysics and Astrophysics Explorers Program Office at GSFC to fit ESE requirements

Matrixed

ESEP Leverages Explorers Experience



 Close relationship with Astrophysics / Heliophysics Explorers Program (GSFC Code 460) is being leveraged to transfer knowledge and ensure lessons learned are incorporated



- ESPD (GSFC Code 420) senior staff includes key members with Explorers Program experience:
 - Earth System Explorers Program Manager
 - Jeff Volosin 420 Associate Director former TESS/MIDEX Project Manager
 - Earth System Explorers Deputy Program Manager
 - Sridhar Manthripragada 420 Deputy Program Manager former NICER/MO Project Manager
 - Earth System Explorers Program Systems Engineer
 - Dennis Dillman 420 Lead Systems Engineer former 460 Systems Engineer
 - Earth System Explorers Program Chief Safety and Mission Assurance Officer (CSO)
 - Terry James 420 CSO former 460 Mission Assurance CSO and TESS/MIDEX Project CSO
 - ESPD Deputy Business Manager
 - Shama Khan former TESS/MIDEX Resource Analyst
 - ESEP Consultant Greg Frazier former Astro/Helio Explorers Dep. Prog. Mgr.

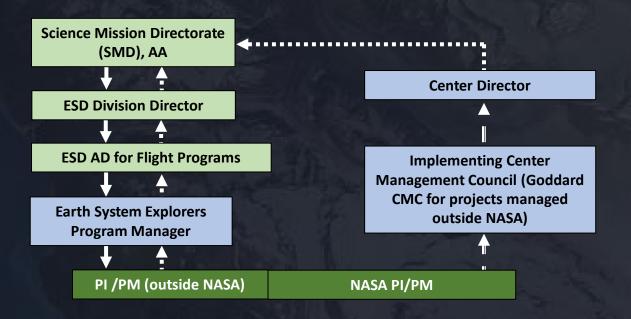
Earth System Explorers Program Office Roles and Responsibilities

- Support HQ-led Announcement of Opportunity (AO) process
 - Program Office is firewalled from review and selection process but holds Phase A and Bridge contracts
- Support the Principal Investigator in achieving mission success and ensure that the mission complies with all
 applicable government and NASA-specific policies and regulations
- Provide comprehensive oversight of the mission development process by conducting ongoing assessments of the mission's cost, schedule and technical progress
- Provide mission status to SMD Earth Sciences Division & GSFC Center Management, through monthly reviews, weekly reporting and timely notification of problems & resolution plans
- Coordinate the provision of certain services and equipment as required, such as space communication support, launch services, etc.
 - Provide interface to LSP for outside missions unfamiliar with launch service process or support Project LV lead
- Provide recommendations for the chair and membership of the project Standing Review Boards
- Maintain technical authority
- Appoint a Mission Manager for missions not managed by Goddard. Mission Manager is primary POC to PI.
 - For GSFC missions, Project Manager reports directly to the Earth System Explorers Program Manager

Principal Investigator Roles and Responsibilities

- PI is responsible for all aspects of mission success including scientific integrity, cost, schedule, technical performance and mission safety.
- PI manages the mission in accordance with the best practices and standards of implementing Center
 - PI may delegate day to day project implementation to the project manager
- Develops L1 mission requirements (PLRA) and project plan in early Phase B per 7120.5F
 - Draft PLRA provided with proposal and submitted in Phase B for review and approval by KDP-C
 - SMD AA approved PLRA is documented in ESEP Program Plan
- Project Plan
 - Agreement between NASA and the PI on the terms and conditions under which the PI executes the mission.
 - Baselined at KDP-C
- At KDP-C
 - PI demonstrates minimum unencumbered cost reserves including adequate funded schedule reserve per GPR 7120.7B, Funded Schedule Margin and Budget Margin for Flight Projects.

Earth System Explorers Program Governance Structure



- APMC is governing council for the ESEP
- DPMC is the governing council for all ESEP projects
- SMD AA is the decision authority for ESEP projects, including making all final decisions to proceed from one phase to the next.
- Figure shows the lines of authority and reporting for projects within the program
- Technical Authority and Center's command media apply for implementing NASA Centers



Top-Level Program Schedule

CY 2023 | CY 2024 | CY 2025 CY 2026 CY 2027 CY 2028 CY 2029 CY 2030 CY 2031 CY 2032 | CY 2033 CY 2034 Approval for **ESEP Life FORMULATION** Implementation **IMPLEMENTATION** cycle SRR/ PIR (TBR, Conducted as Program Life-SDR required by AA or MDAA) **Cycle Reviews** Program Life-KDP-I KDP-II cycle Gates **Program** PCA **Documents** KDP-C KDP-B KDP-D 7 PLAR Step 1 Final KDP-E Selection First Project PDR End of Archival Project 1 Mission of Data / \ Milestones Launch Release Project Life Pre-Phase A Phase A Phase C Phase F Phase D Phase B Phase E Cycle Phase Phase A Step 1 Step 2 KDP-C KDP-B KDP-D Step 1 Final KDP-E Selection First Project PDR Archival Project 1 Milestones Project Life Phase A Phase A Pre-Phase C Phase D Phase B Phase E Phase F Cycle Phase Step 1 Step 2 Phase A

Summary

- Earth System Explorers Program (ESEP) Implementation is consistent with the 2017 decadal survey recommendations and NASA Strategic goals
 - Competitively selected, cost-capped, PI-led, Category 2, Class C science investigations
 - Designed to accomplish high-quality Earth system science investigations addressing one or more observables identified as ESE Targeted Observables (TO)
- Program Implementation is consistent with NPR 7120.5F Uncoupled Program guidance
- Implementation approach is modeled after highly successful Astro/Helio Explorers program and Leverages existing ESPD infrastructure
- ESEP supports the PI toward mission success